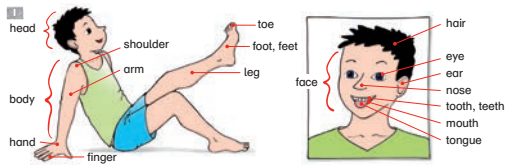


Das Übungsheft Englisch 5 – Lösungen

My body



- 1 This is **a** body. Michael has **one** body.
 This is **an** arm. Michael has **two** arms.
 This is **an** eye. He **has two eyes**.
 This is **an** ear. He **has two ears**.
 This is **a** leg. He **has two legs**.
 This is **a** finger. He **has ten fingers**.
 This is **a** hand. He **has two hands**.
 This is **a** toe. He **has ten toes**.
 This is **a** head. He **has one head**.
 This is **a** nose. He **has one nose**.
 This is **a** face. He **has one face**.
 This is **a** mouth. He **has one mouth**.
 This is **a** tongue. He **has one tongue**.
 This is **a** foot. He **has two feet**.
 This is **a** tooth. He **has many teeth**.
 This is hair. He **has** a lot of hair.

Der unbestimmte Artikel ist **a**.
 Wenn das nachfolgende Wort mit einem Vokal beginnt, wird **a** zu **an**.

26 twenty-six

Body, Substantive, unbestimmter Artikel

My senses



- 1 I **look** with my eyes.
 I **smell with my nose**.
 I **hear with my ears**.
 I **taste with my tongue**.
 I **touch with my hand**.

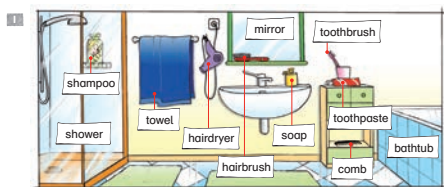
Im Englischen gibt es zwei Formen für die Gegenwartsform: **Simple Present** und **Present Progressive**. **Simple Present** wird verwendet bei generellen Aussagen (siehe S. 7) oder sich wiederholenden Ereignissen. Signalwörter sind z. B. **every day** etc. Ausgangsform ist der Infinitiv. Dieser wird mit **to** angegeben, z. B. **to look**.

- 2
- | | to look | to smell | to hear | to taste | to touch |
|--------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| I | look | smell | hear | taste | touch |
| you | look | smell | hear | taste | touch |
| she/he | looks | smells | hears | tastes | touches |
| we | look | smell | hear | taste | touch |
| you | look | smell | hear | taste | touch |
| they | look | smell | hear | taste | touch |

Senses, Verben, Simple Present

twenty-seven 27

In the bathroom



- The soap is yellow.
 The **mirror** is green.
 The **towel** is dark blue.
 The **hairbrush** is dark red.
 The **shower** is orange.
 The **hairdryer** is purple.
 The **toothpaste** is light blue.
 The **comb** is black.
 The **shampoo** is light green.
 The **toothbrush** is pink.

- 2
- to wash to brush to dry to comb
- I dry my hair.
 I wash my hands.
 I comb my hair.
 I brush my hair.

- 3
- David, brush your teeth, please!
 Anna, wash your hands, please!
 Peter, comb your hair, please!

28 twenty-eight

In the bathroom, Substantive, Verben, Imperativ

What are they doing in the bathroom?

- 1
- Every day ...
 Anna washes her hair.
 Every day ...
 Anna dries her hair.
 Every day ...
 Anna brushes her teeth.
- Every day ...
 Michael washes his hair.
 Every day ...
 Michael dries his hair.
 Every day ...
 Michael brushes his teeth.

- 2
- Diana is drying her hair.
 Peter is combing his hair.
 David is brushing his teeth.
 Sheila is brushing her hair.
 James is washing his face.
 Aisha is washing her hands.

Das **Present Progressive** wird verwendet, wenn man etwas gerade tut oder etwas gerade passiert. Sehr oft braucht man diese Form, wenn jemand auf einem Bild etwas tut. Dazu braucht man die Form von **to be** (siehe S. 10) und hängt an den Infinitiv ein **-ing** an: **is brushing**.

In the bathroom, Verben, Simple Present, Present Progressive

twenty-nine 29